

Time: 3 hrs

Marks: 80

Note :

- 1) Q. No. 01 is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any three from Q. No. 02 to 06.
- 3) Numbers to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of statistical tables is allowed.

Q. 1. Solve.

- a) If  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & -6 & 2 \\ -6 & 7 & -4 \\ 2 & -4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$  find the sum and product of Eigen values A. 5
- b) Integrate the function  $f(z) = z^2$  from A(0, 0) to B(1, 1) along straight line AB. 5
- c) Find the Z-Transform of  $(k) = a^k$ ,  $k < 0$ . 5
- d) A transmission channel has a per-digit error probability  $p = 0.01$ . Calculate the probability of more than 1 error in 10 received digits using Poisson distribution. 5

Q. 2.

- a) Find the Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 5 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ . 6
- b) Find the Z-Transform of  $\text{Cos}\left(\frac{k\pi}{4} + \alpha\right)$   $k \geq 0$ . 6
- c) Use the dual simplex method to solve the LPP  
 Min..  $Z = 2X_1 + 2X_2 + 4X_3$   
 $2X_1 + 3X_2 + 5X_3 \geq 2$ ,  $3X_1 + X_2 + 7X_3 \leq 3$ ,  $X_1 + 4X_2 + 6X_3 \leq 5$   $X_1, X_2, X_3 \geq 0$  8

Q. 3.

- a) Evaluate  $\int_C \frac{z^2}{(z-1)(z-2)} dz$  Where C is a circle  $|z - 1| = 1$ . 6
- b) Verify Caley-Hamilton theorem and hence find  $A^{-1}$  and  $A^4$  where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & -1 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ . 6
- c) Solve the LPP by Big -M method  
 Maximize  $Z = 3X_1 - 2X_2$   
 subject to  $2X_1 + X_2 \leq 2$ ,  $X_1 + 3X_2 \geq 3$ ,  $X_1, X_2, \geq 0$ . 8

Q. 4.

- a) Find inverse Z transform of  $F(z) = \frac{1}{(z-1)(z-3)}$  for i)  $|z| < 1$ , ii)  $1 < |z| < 3$ . 6
- b) The following data represent the marks obtained by 12 students in two tests, one held before the coaching and the other after the coaching.  
 Test I : 55, 60, 65, 75, 49, 25, 18, 30, 35, 51, 61, 72. 6  
 Test II : 63, 70, 70, 81, 54, 29, 21, 38, 32, 50, 70, 80.  
 Do the data indicate that the coaching was effective in improving the performance of the students?
- c) Find all possible Laurent's series expansions of the function  $f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-1)(z+2)}$  about  $z = 0$  indicating the region of convergence in each case. 8

Q. 5.

- a) Determine all basic solutions to the following problem  
 Max.  $Z = x_1 - 2x_2 + 4x_3$  6  
 $x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 7$ ,  $3x_1 + 4x_2 + 6x_3 = 15$ ,  $x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$ .
- b) Using Normal distribution, find the probability of getting 55 heads in the toss of 100 fair coins. 6
- c) Solve the NLPP  
 Optimize  $Z = 10x_1 + 8x_2 + 6x_3 + 2x_1^2 + x_2^2 + 3x_3^2 - 100$  8  
 Subject to  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 20$ ,  $x_1, x_2, x_3 \geq 0$ .

Q. 6.

- a) Show that the given matrix is diagonalizable and hence find diagonal form and transforming matrix where  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 6 & 6 \\ 1 & 3 & 2 \\ -1 & -5 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ . 6
- b) Of the 64 off springs of a certain cross between guinea pigs 34 were red, 10 were black and 20 were white. According to the generic model these numbers should be in the ratio 9 : 3 : 4. Use 2- test to check whether the data are consistent with the model. 6
- c) Max.  $Z = 4x_1 + 6x_2 - x_1^2 - x_2^2 - x_3^2$ , Subject to  $x_1 + x_2 \leq 2$  and  $2x_1 + 3x_2 \leq 12$ ,  $x_1, x_2 \geq 0$  by K-T condition. 8

\*\*\*\*\*